Λεπτομερείτερα, δυνατό να προσδοκήσετε ότι η γλώσσα είναι ελληνική και η άσκηση είναι ένας κύριος συνδέσμος που αναφέρεται στο θέμα της τηλεοπτικής τεχνολογίας. Ωστόσο, από την εικόνα δεν είναι διαθέσιμη η ολόκληρη της ασκήσης που περιλαμβάνει και άλλα στοιχεία. Πρέπει να συνεχίσετε να διαβάζετε και να εργάζεστε για να ανακαλύψετε όλα τα σημαντικά στοιχεία που περιλαμβάνονται στην ασκήση.
Appendix

Preliminary account of the excavation of the Roman Bridge, Chester, 1995.

2. Work started on the excavation of the Roman Bridge in Chester in 1995. The site was chosen for its strategic importance as a crossing point over the River Dee. The excavation was carried out by a team of archaeologists who worked closely with the local council and the National Trust.

3. The excavation revealed a series of Roman structures, including the bridge, which was constructed from stone and had four arches. The bridge was estimated to have been in use from the late first century AD to the early fourth century AD. The site was later used as a Roman military camp.

4. The excavation also uncovered a number of artefacts, including pottery, coins, and weapons. These artefacts provide valuable information about the daily lives of the Romans who lived in the area.

5. The excavation was completed in 1996, and the site was opened to the public as a museum. The museum is located in the former barracks building and features exhibits on the history of the bridge and the Roman occupation of Chester.

6. The excavation of the Roman Bridge is an example of how archaeology can provide insights into the past and help us understand the lives of people from different times and cultures.